

Information sheet on



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CALCIUM RICH FOODS AND BONE HEALTH

COMA calcium recommendations	
Age	RNI*
0 - 12 months (non breast fed infants only)	525 mg
1 - 3 years	350 mg
4 - 6 years	450 mg
7 - 10 years	550 mg
11 - 18 years boys / girls	1000 / 800 mg
19 + years	700 mg
Pregnant women	700 mg
Breastfeeding women	700 + 550 mg **

* RNI - Reference Nutrient Intake

** COMA notes that the additional increment may not be necessary with more recent evidence

Why do we need calcium?

Calcium is a nutrient that we know has an important role to play in the maintenance of bone health. This Information Sheet contains a selection of calcium rich foods, which, as part of a well balanced diet, may contribute towards an adequate intake.

How much calcium do I need?

The Governments Committee on the Medical Aspects of Food and Nutrition Policy (COMA), now replaced by the Scientific Advisory Committee on Nutrition, sets recommended levels for nutrient intake (Reference Nutrient Intakes) for the UK population. The lower reference nutrient intake (LRNI) for calcium is 400 mg and the RNI is 700 mg for adults. This means that your calcium intake must be over 400 mg and it is recommended that your intake be above 700 mg to be compatible with bone health in the normal population, as based on current evidence. There is inconclusive evidence that more calcium may be needed but further research is necessary.

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If you have been diagnosed with osteoporosis, you may need to boost your calcium levels to approximately 1200 mg for adults and consequently may be given a calcium supplement with your treatment. In the trials that have shown bisphosphonates to reduce fractures, the calcium supplementation used was 500 - 1000 mg. Therefore, extra calcium may be taken as part of the diet or as a supplement but the upper limit must not be exceeded.

Can I have too much calcium?

It is recommended that you do not exceed more than 2000 - 2500 mg of calcium a day. Exceeding the upper limit of 2000 - 2500 mg calcium could lead to medical problems including milk alkali syndrome (a high level of calcium in the blood) and may interfere with the absorption of other minerals such as iron.

Does it matter if I do not meet the exact daily amount?

It is important to remember that calcium intake should be looked at over a period of monthly intake rather than daily. A low calcium intake on one day, when most days you achieve more, will not have a detrimental effect on your bone density.

Do I need to supplement my diet with any other nutrients?

Other nutrients and minerals are also important but a well balanced, mixed diet including fresh fruit, vegetables, adequate protein and carbohydrate foods should contain sufficient amounts of the necessary nutrients. Some individuals may feel that they are not obtaining the calcium they need from their diet and there is no way that this can realistically be achieved. In such cases, supplemental calcium may be useful. Your local pharmacist is often an excellent source of information on over the counter products. There is evidence that older people can benefit from supplemental calcium and vitamin D and this is a useful treatment for osteoporosis in this age group.

What else can affect my risk of osteoporosis?

Dietary issues are just one of a variety of important components, which together, can influence an individual's osteoporosis risk. These include exercise levels, hormonal status, corticosteroid use, body stature, strong family history and previous minimal trauma fracture.

General advice to anyone who wishes to minimise the effects of osteoporosis includes taking a well balanced, calcium rich diet, avoiding smoking or excessive alcohol intake and taking regular weight bearing exercise.

Further details on diet and bone health can be obtained in a booklet available from the National Osteoporosis Society, Camerton, Bath BA2 0PJ Telephone number 01761 471771.

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Food	Quantity	Mg of calcium
Dairy Products		
Milk skimmed	1/3 pt/190 ml	235
Milk semi skimmed	1/3 pt/190 ml	231
Milk whole	1/3pt/190 ml	224
Milk soya *	1/3pt/190 ml	25
Cream double	3 oz/100 g	50
Cream single	3 oz/100 g	91
Cream whipping	3 oz/100 g	62
Cheese cheddar	3 oz/100 g	720
Cheese low fat (hard)	3 oz/100 g	840
Cheese Camembert	3 oz/100 g	350
Cheese Cottage	3 oz/100 g	73
Cheese Edam	3 oz/100 g	770
Yoghurt fruit low fat	3 oz/100 g	150
Yoghurt fruit	3 oz/100 g	160
Fromage frais fruit	3 oz/100 g	86
Ice Cream dairy	3 oz/100 g	130
Ice Cream non dairy	3 oz/100 g	120
Custard from powder	3 oz/100 g	140
Rice pudding	3 oz/100 g	93
Fish		
Pilchards in Tom Sauce	3 oz/100 g	300
Sardines in Tom Sauce	3 oz/100 g	460
Sardines in oil	3 oz/100 g	550
Whitebait fried	3 oz/100 g	860
Salmon tinned	3 oz/100 g	93
Tuna in oil tinned	3 oz/100 g	12
Vegetables		
Curly kale boiled	3 oz/100 g	150
Okra stir fried	3 oz/100 g	220
Spinach boiled	3 oz/100 g	160
Spring Greens boiled	3 oz/100 g	75
Watercress	3 oz/100 g	170

* may be calcium enriched

** different products vary considerably

Please note, the calcium contents (with the exception of milk and bread), have been calculated per 100 g and are therefore not portion size. This has been done to make comparisons between various foods easier.

Pulses Beans & Seeds		
Red kidney beans	3 oz/100 g	71
Tofu steamed **	3 oz/100 g	510
Green/French beans	3 oz/100 g	56
Baked beans	3 oz/100 g	53
Sesame seeds	3 oz/100 g	670
Tahini (sesame paste)	3 oz/100 g	680
Cereal products		
White bread *	1 slice	33
Wholemeal bread	1 slice	16
Muesli Swiss style	3 oz/100 g	110
Special K	3 oz/100 g	70
Ready Brek	3 oz/100 g	65
Snacks		
Tortilla chips	3 oz/100 g	150
Milk chocolate	3 oz/100 g	220
White chocolate	3 oz/100 g	270
Creme eggs	3 oz/100 g	120
Kit Kat	3 oz/100 g	200
Mars bar	3 oz/100 g	160
Fruit		
Apricots dried	3 oz/100 g	92
Figs dried	3 oz/100 g	250
Currants	3 oz/100 g	93
Mixed Peel	3 oz/100 g	130
Olives in brine	3 oz/100 g	61
Orange peeled	3 oz/100 g	33
Convenience Foods		
Moussaka homemade	3 oz/100 g	81
Lasagne frozen	3 oz/100 g	71
Sausage low fat grilled	3 oz/100 g	130
Cornish pasty	3 oz/100 g	60
Omelette cheese	3 oz/100 g	280
Quiche cheese & egg	3 oz/100 g	260
Macaroni cheese	3 oz/100 g	170
Pizza cheese & tomato	3 oz/100 g	210

Ref: Information provided courtesy of The Royal Society of Chemistry, Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries & Food publication "The Composition of Foods" 1992.